



# Hybrid DA experiments and towards a different/better ensemble

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# Overview

- Effects of a *bigger* ensemble
  - Hybrid-4DVar and hybrid-4DEnVar experiments
    - **23** members v **176** members
    - Hybrid covariance weighting experiments
- Developing a *different (a better?)* ensemble
  - An ensemble of EnVars
  - Compare with ETKF



# Control trial (KMA operational)

- **Hybrid-4DVar**
    - Analysis resolution = 432 x 325 x 70 (N216) ~53Km
    - Hybrid weighting:  $B_c/B_e = 100/30$
    - Localisation: 1200Km  $\rightarrow$  0.61, 2400Km  $\rightarrow$  0.14
  - **Forecast**
    - 1024 x 769 x 70 resolution (N512) ~22Km
  - **Ensemble** input = **23 member** localised ETKF
    - 640 x 481 x 70 (N320) ~35Km
  - **Trials** 8<sup>th</sup> -31<sup>st</sup> August 2012
- 
- **Met Office**: 44 ensemble members at N400 resolution
  - **Met Office**: hybrid-4DVAR at N320, UM Forecast at N768



**Met Office**



# How to close the gap?

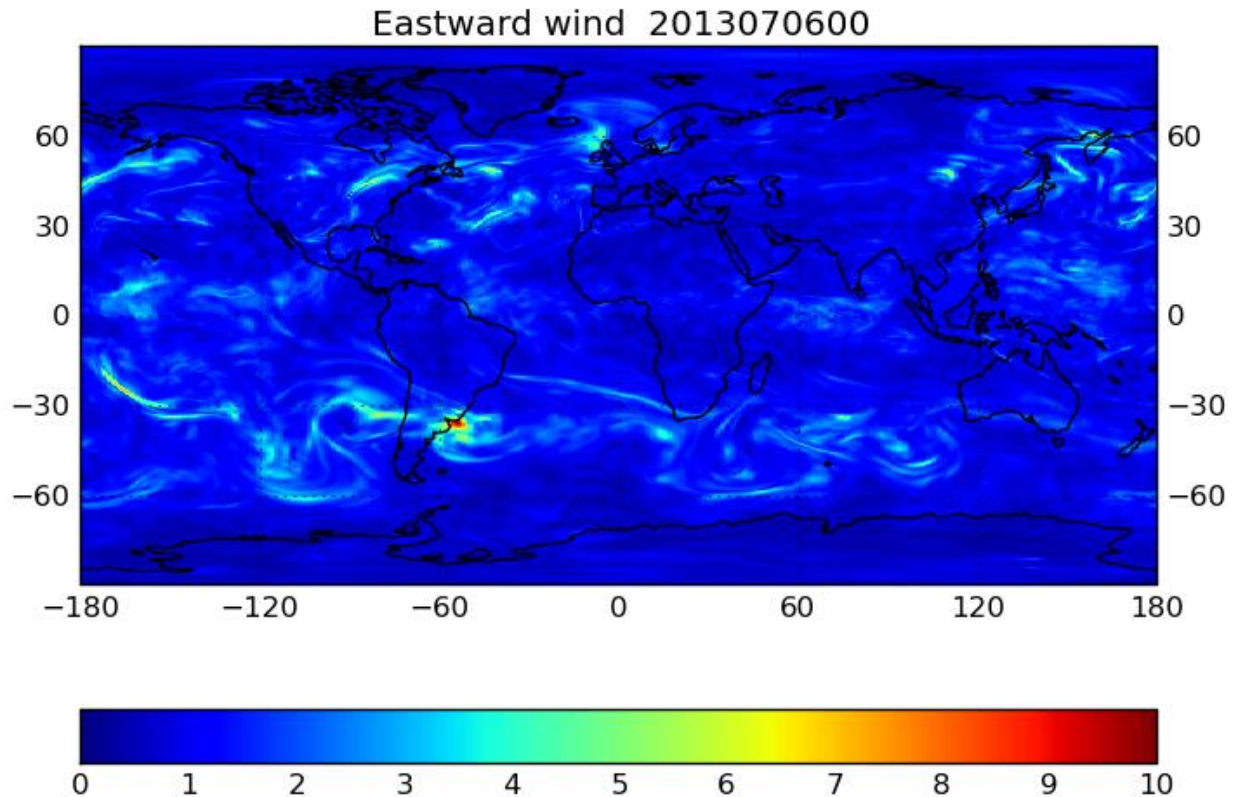
- Andrew discussed
  - different **initialisation** techniques
- A different ensemble **generation** method



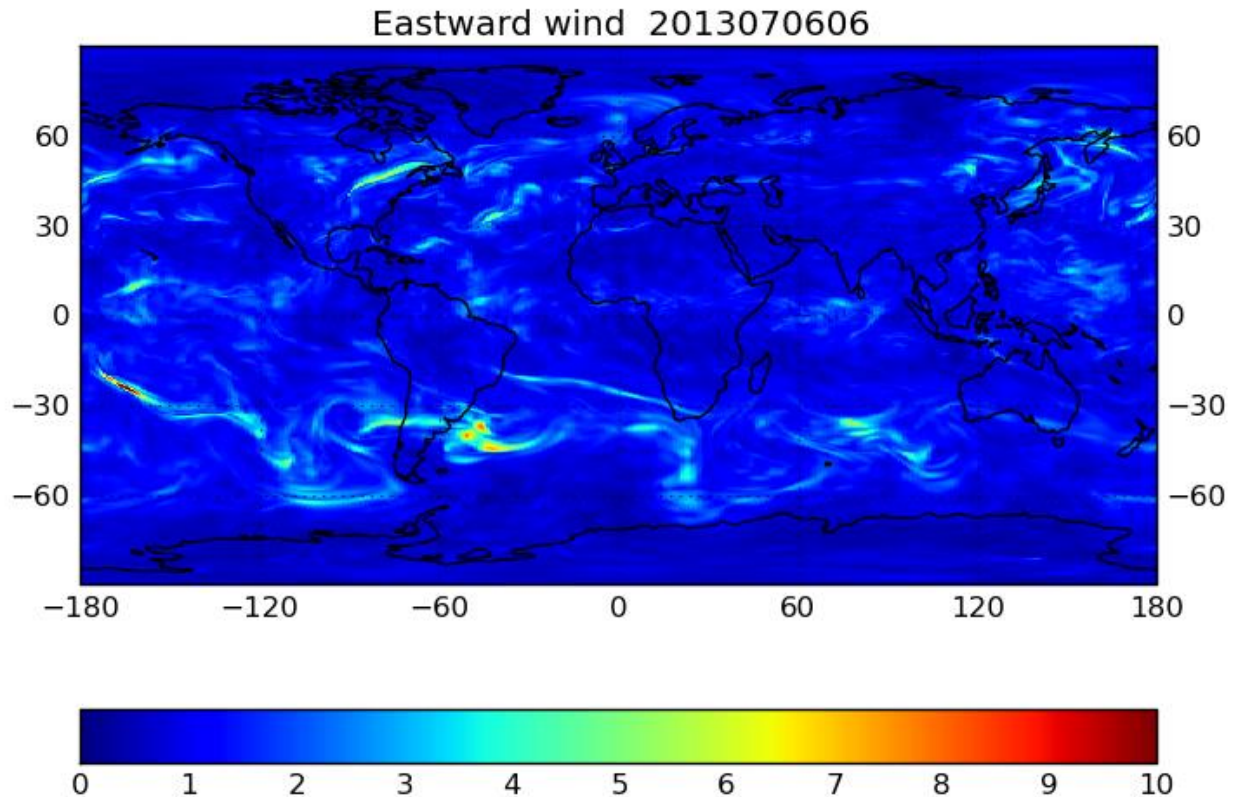
# Cost of EDA

- **Cheaper** DA method now available (4DEnVar)
- EDA is **affordable**
  - Takes ~10mins to produce 22 ensemble members
  - 70 iterations for mean analysis
  - 30 iterations for ensemble perturbations
  - Use samples at T-3hr, T+0hr, T+3hr
  - Single hybrid-4DVar at same res takes ~10mins
- ETKF uses **adaptive inflation** scheme
$$\text{trace}((\mathbf{y} - \overline{\mathbf{H}\mathbf{x}})(\mathbf{y} - \overline{\mathbf{H}\mathbf{x}})^T) = \alpha \text{trace}((\mathbf{H}\mathbf{Z}_f)(\mathbf{H}\mathbf{Z}_f)^T) + \text{trace}(\mathbf{R})$$
- Uses **sondes** and **ATOVS** to estimate inflation

# Spread in the EDA at ~500hPa

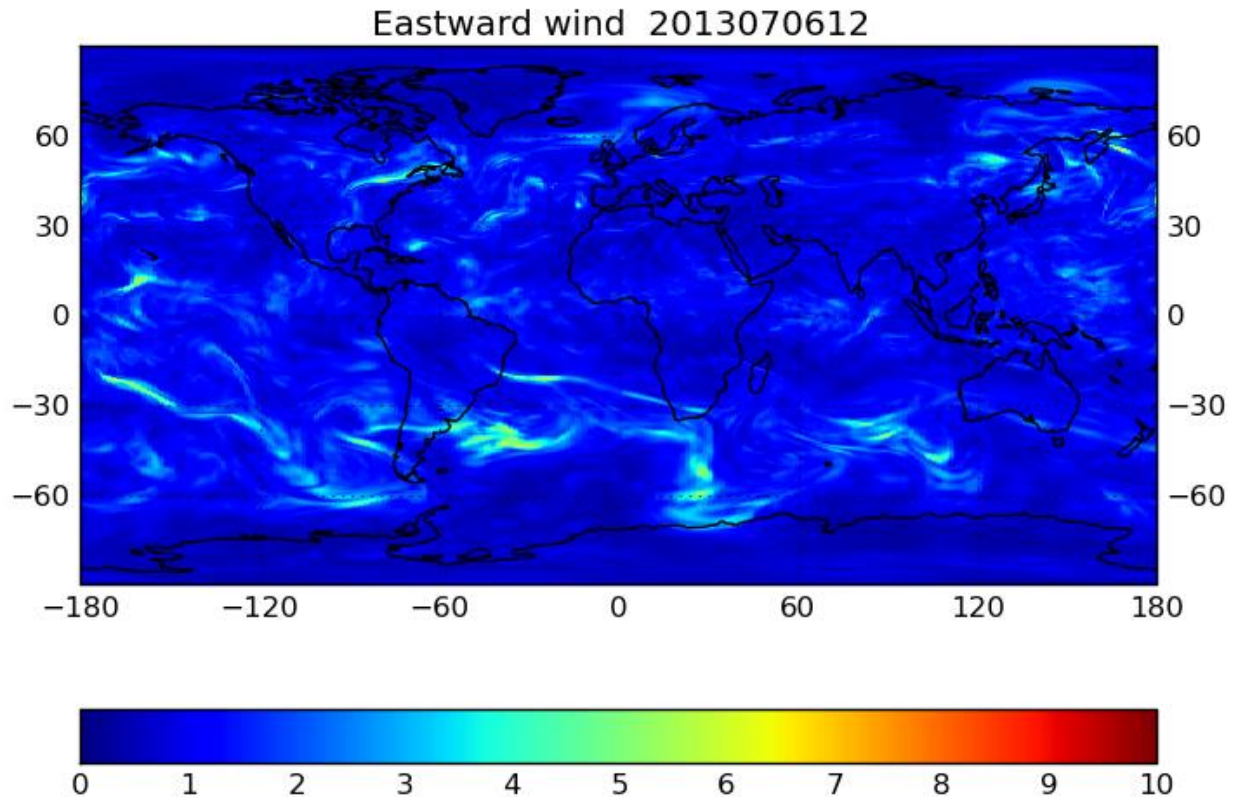


# Spread in the EDA at ~500hPa

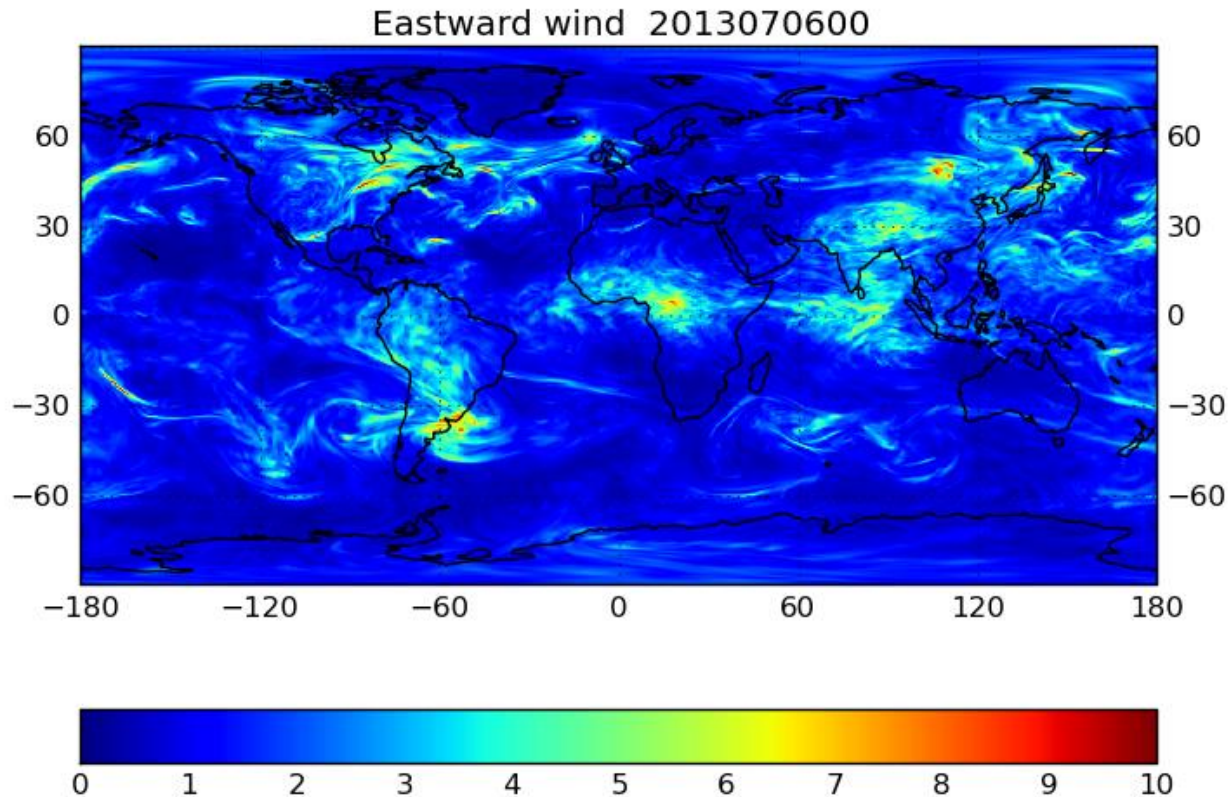




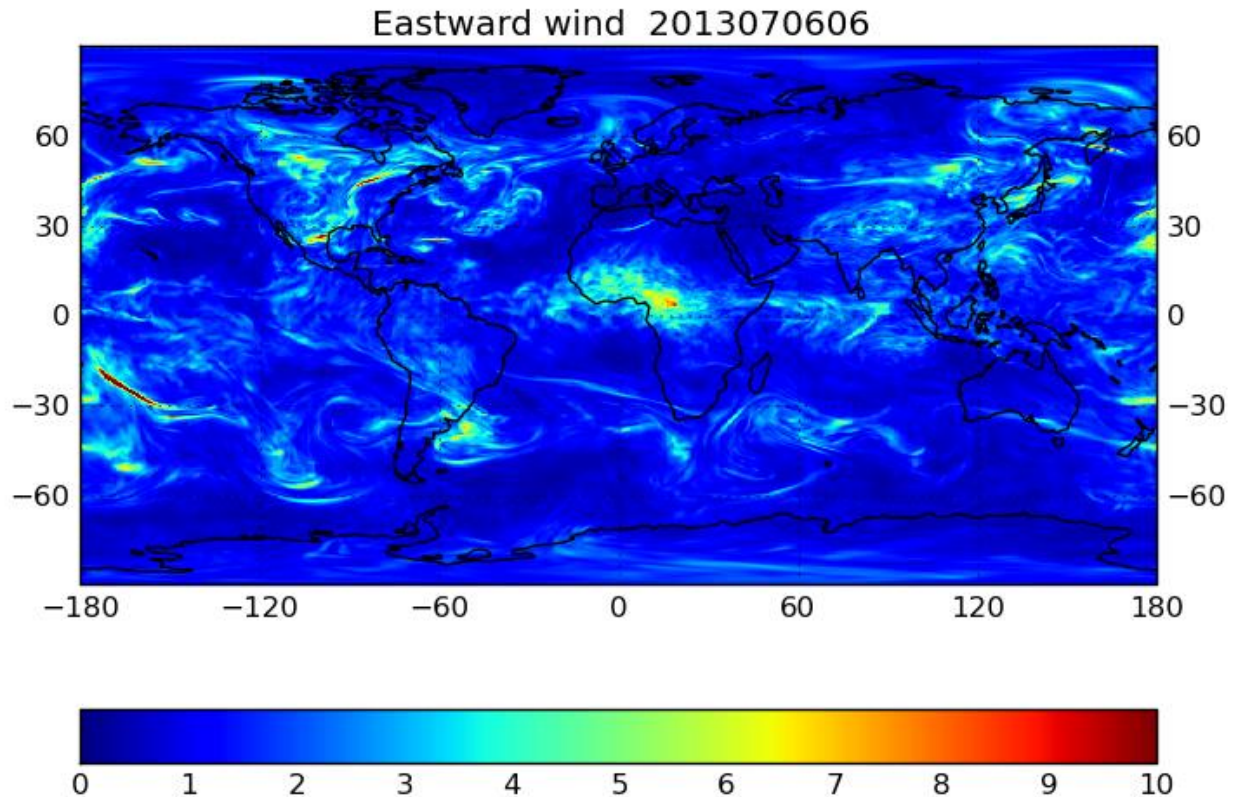
# Spread in the EDA at ~500hPa



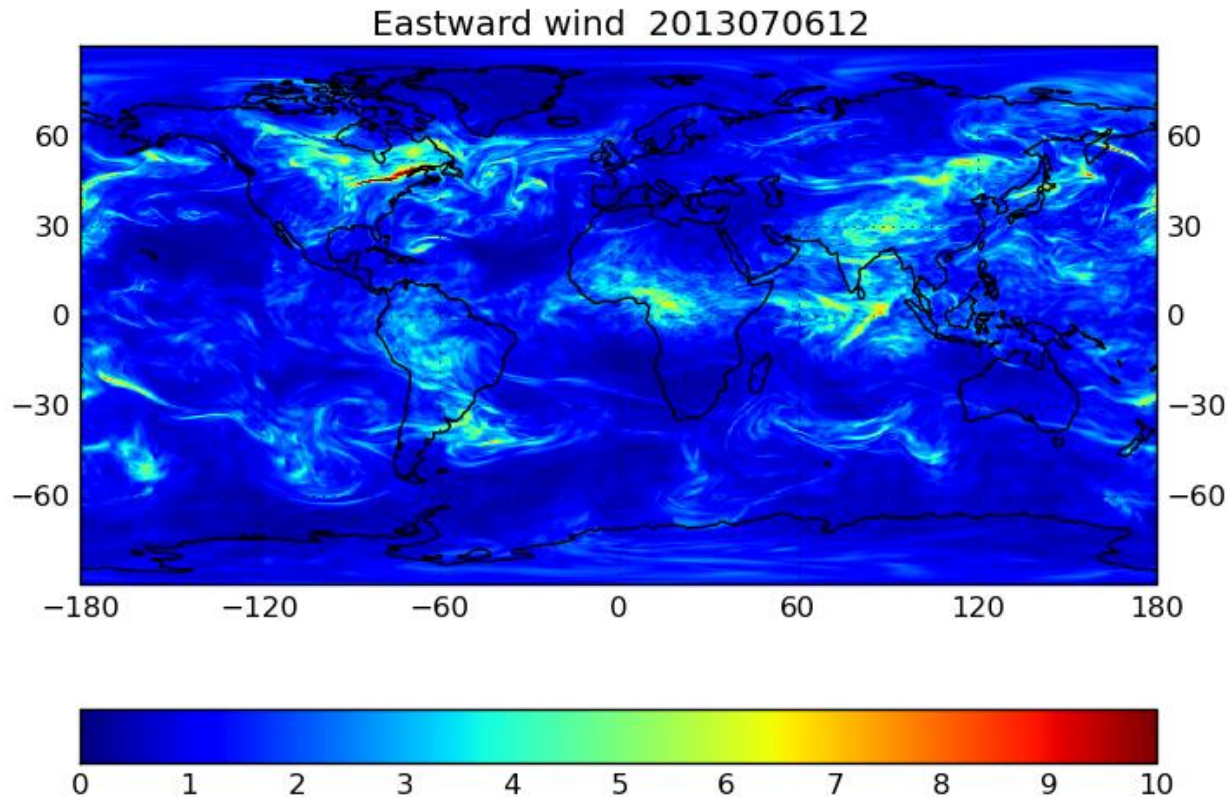
# Spread in the ETKF at ~500hPa



# Spread in the ETKF at ~500hPa

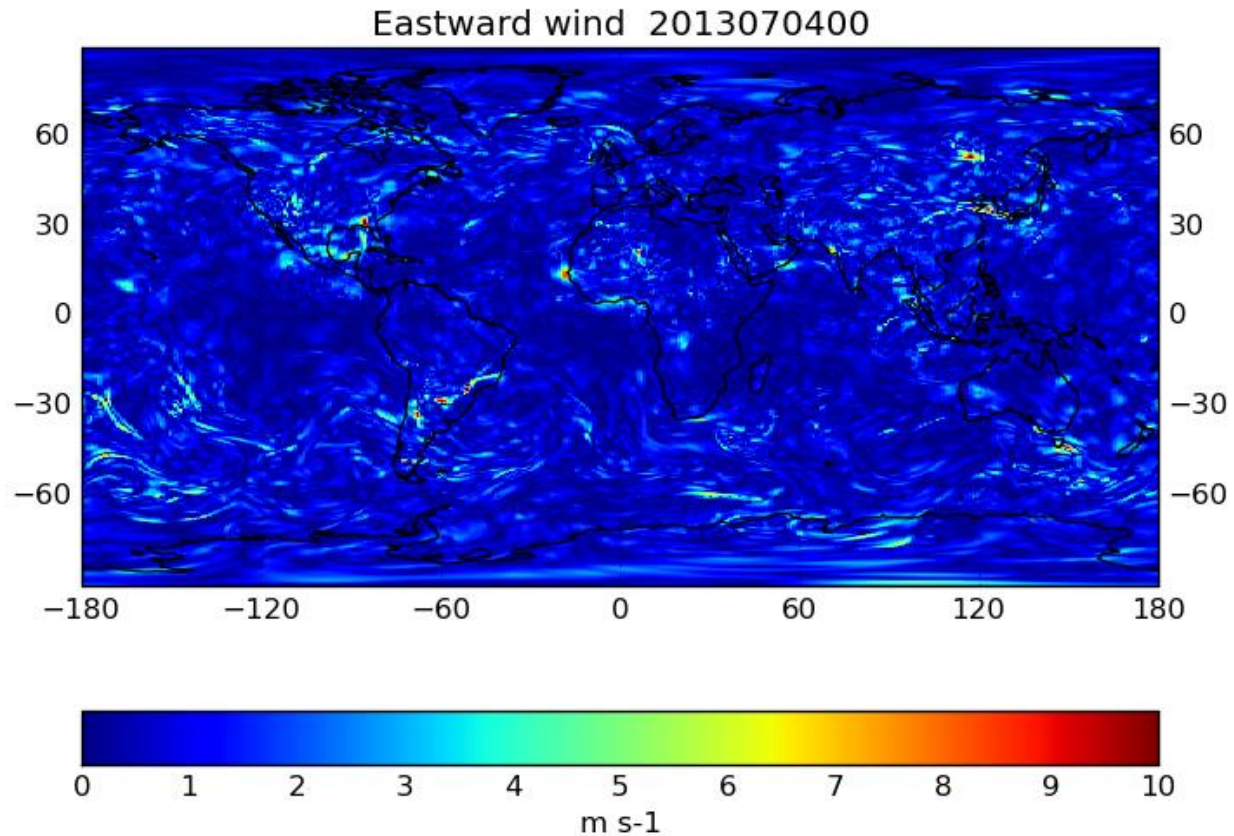


# Spread in the ETKF at ~500hPa



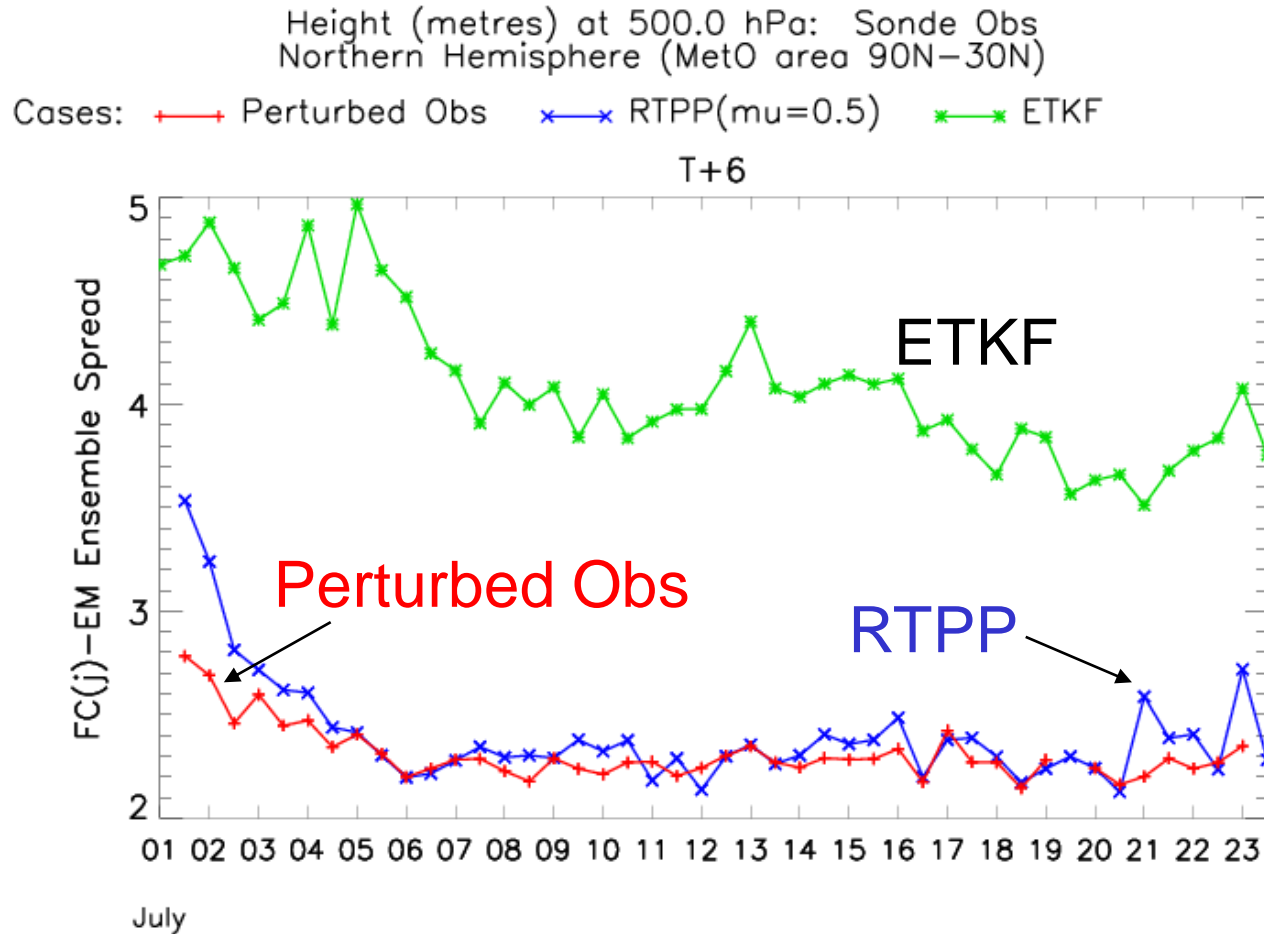


# Forecast - analysis





# Pert obs v's relax to prior pert

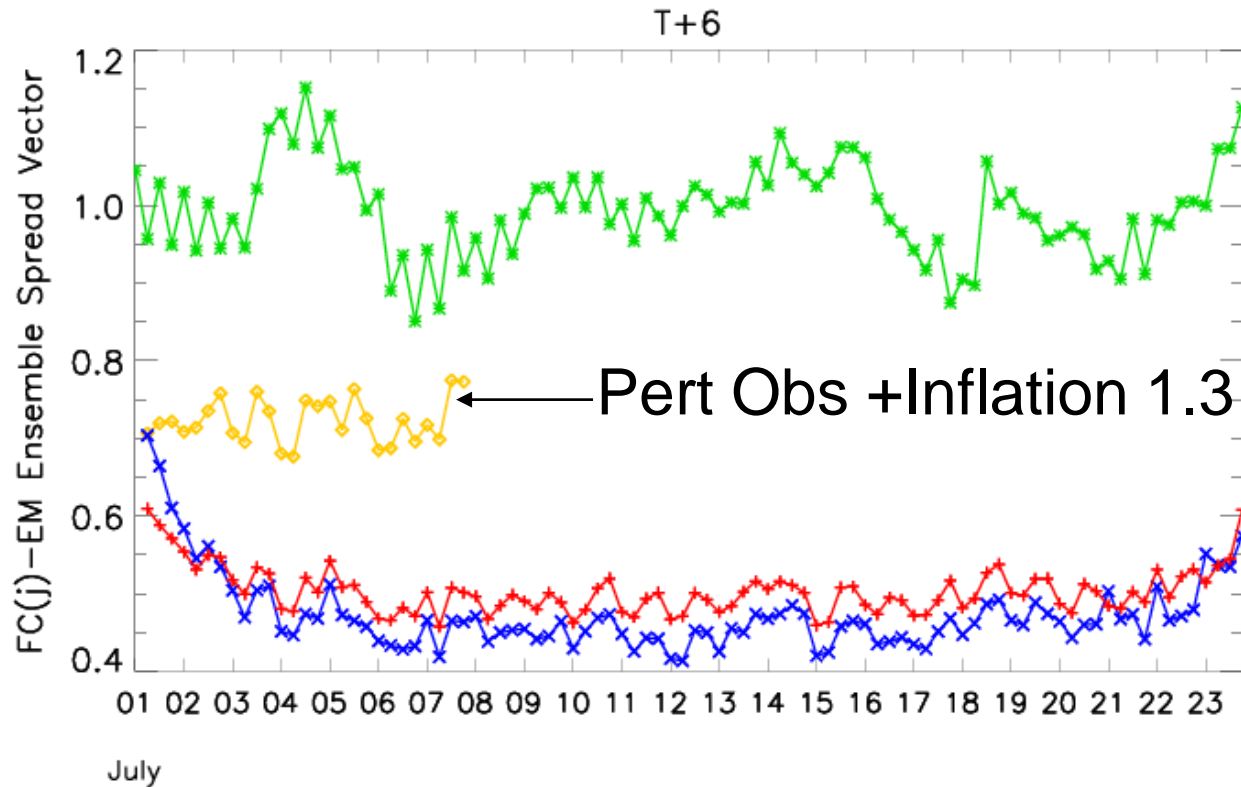


$$\text{RTPP: } \mu (x_f^i - \bar{x}_f) + (1 - \mu) (x_a^i - \bar{x}_a) \mapsto x_a^i - \bar{x}_a$$



# Multiplicative Inflation

Wind (m/s) at Station Height: Surface Obs  
Northern Hemisphere (MetO area 90N-30N)  
Cases: —+— Perturbed Obs    —x— RTPP( $\mu=0.5$ )    —\*— ETKF  
—o— PertObs+Mult Infl 1.3



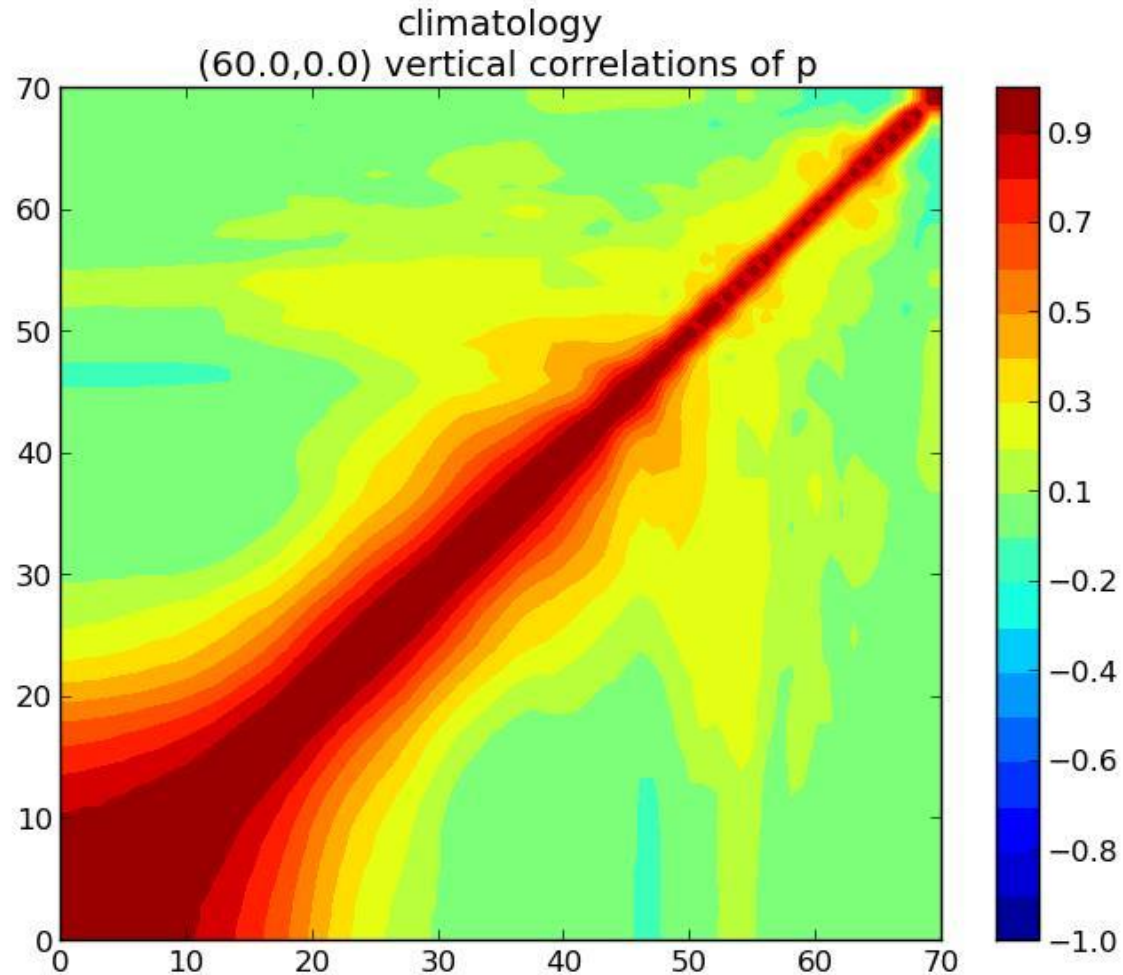


# Further work

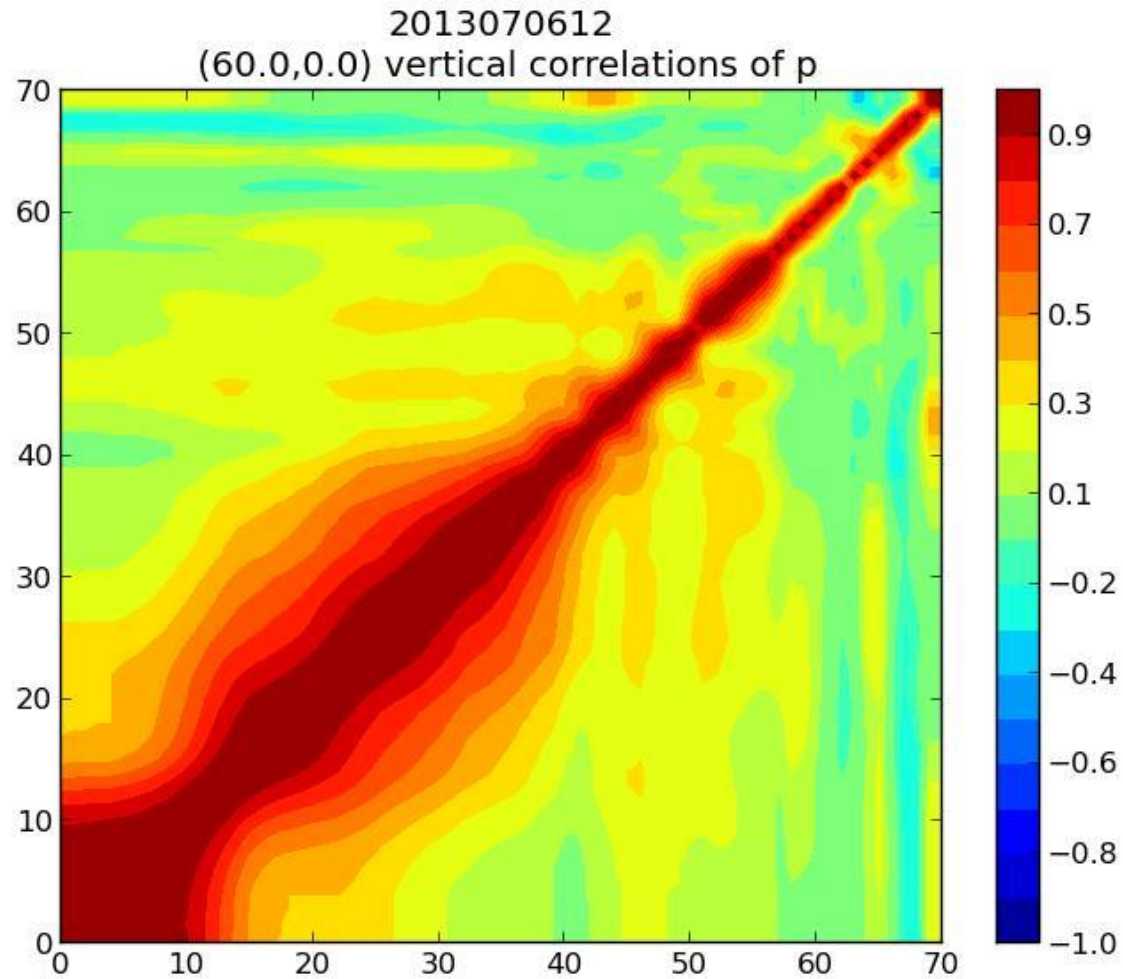
- **Recentre** around high-res deterministic?
- **Additive inflation**?
- **Multiplicative inflation** - adaptive, fixed, relax-to-prior-spread?
- Demonstrate better '**flow**' from ensemble
  - Repeat single-obs tests (in Andrew's talk)
- Demonstrate better **correlations** + length scales



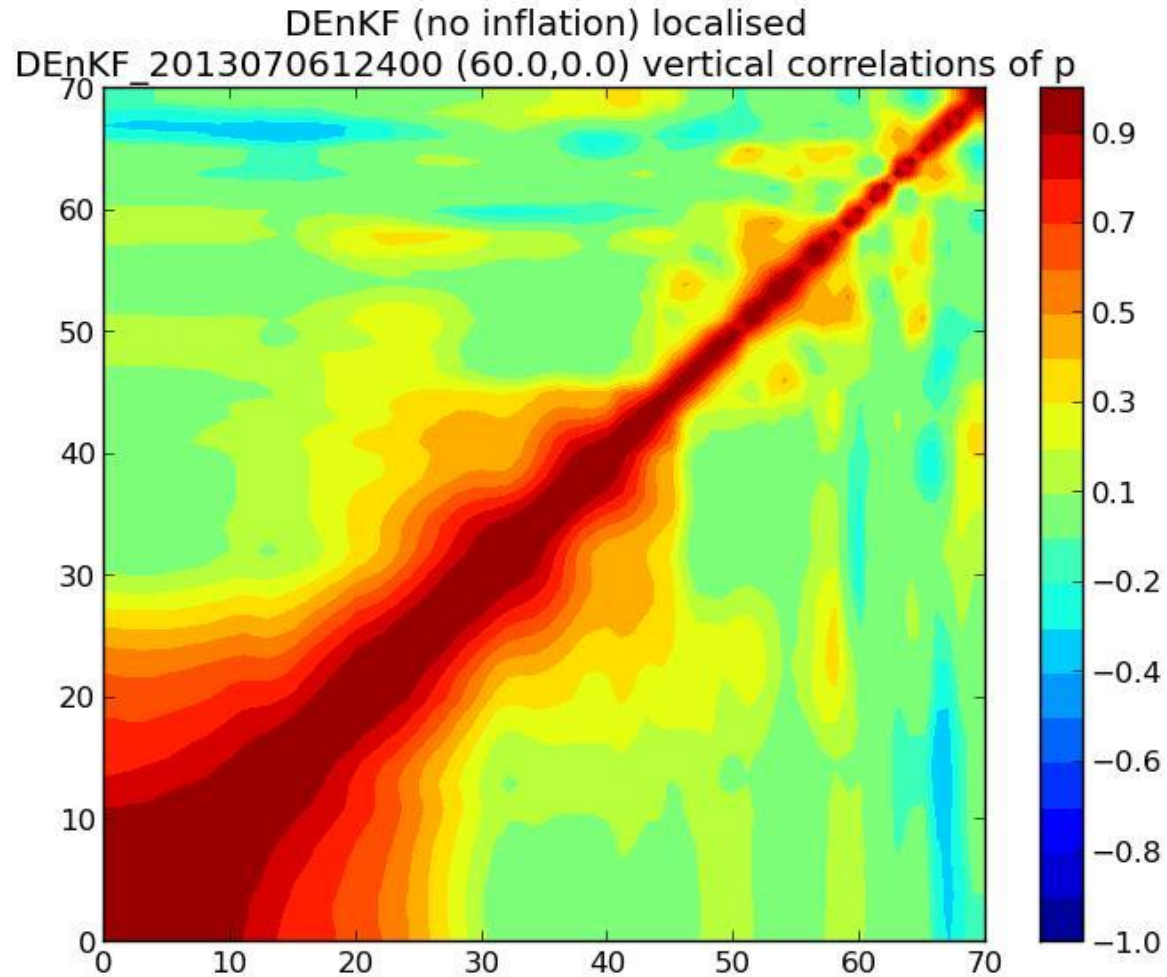
# Climatology correlation in p



# ETKF correlation in p



# EDA correlation in p





# Trial verification

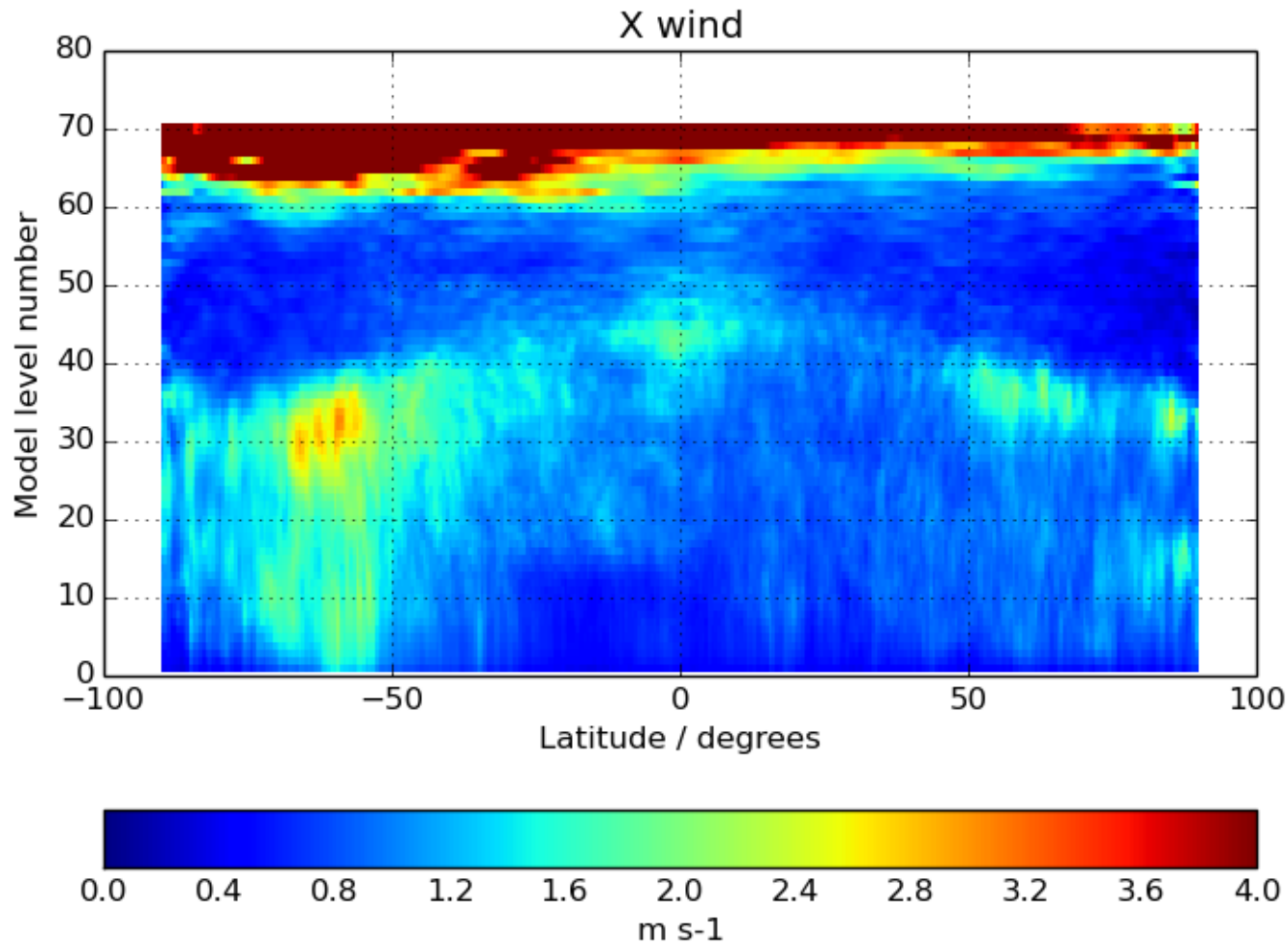
- Verification against **observations** only over the following 123 variables:

Field	Levels (hPa)	Forecast ranges (hrs)
PMSL	-	T+24, T+48, T+72, T+96, T+120, T+144
Height	850, 700, 500, 250, 100, 50	T+24, T+48, T+72, T+96, T+120, T+144
Wind	850, 700, 500, 250, 100, 50	T+24, T+48, T+72, T+96, T+120, T+144
Temperature	850, 700, 500, 250, 100, 50	T+24, T+48, T+72, T+96, T+120, T+144
RH	850, 700, 500	T+24, T+48, T+72



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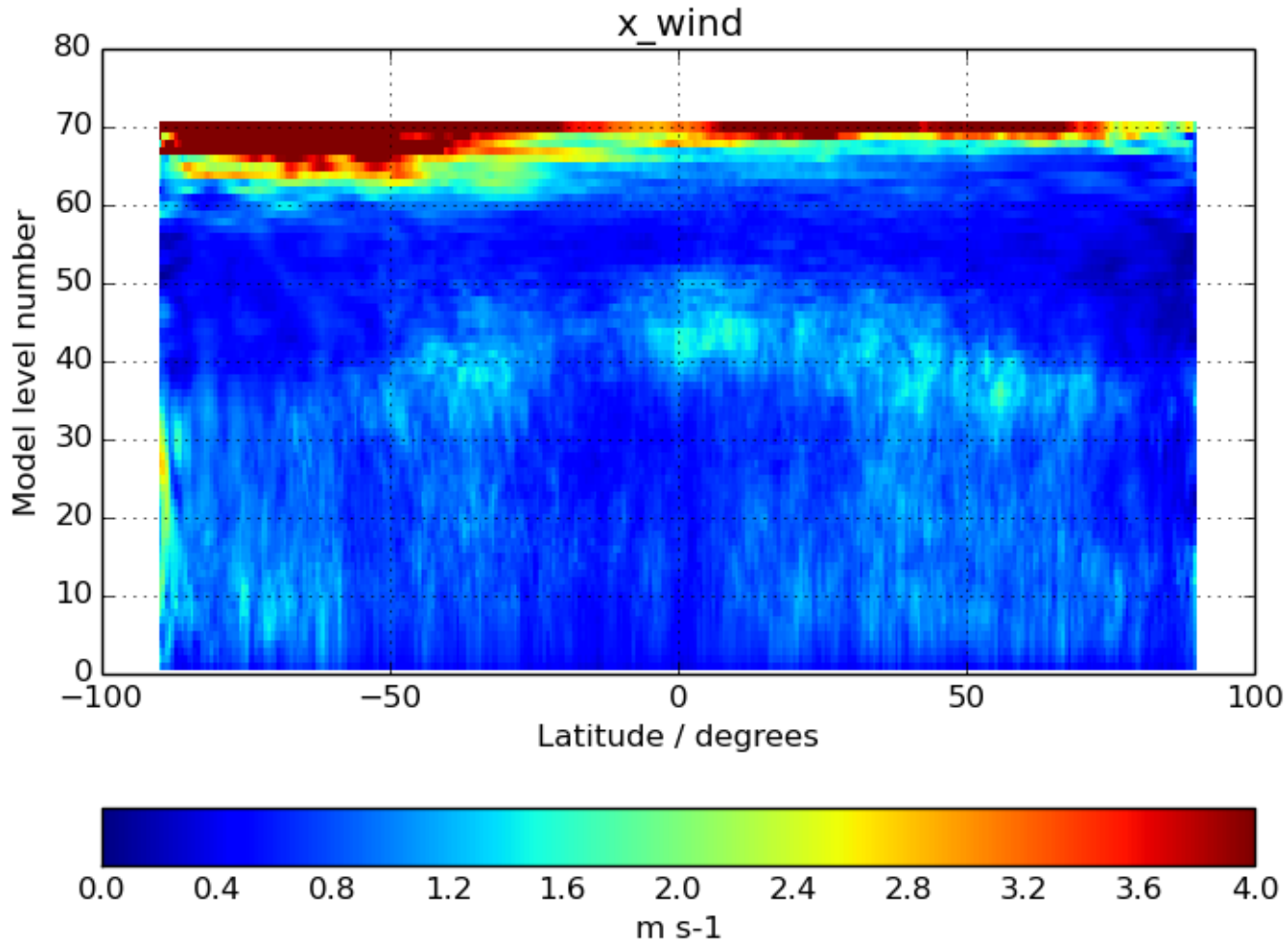
# Zonal wind spread in EDA





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# Forecast – analysis





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# Zonal wind spread in ETKF

